

**Three Japanese Folksongs****1. Itsuki no Komoriuta***(Lullaby of Itsuki)*

arr. Misuzu McManus

Sempre legato  $\text{J}=60$

**S1** **S2** **A** **Bell** **Piano**

*O do ma bon gi ri bon gi ri*

*Bell* *O do ma bon gi ri bon gi ri*

*Bon ka ra sa kya o ran do, Bo n ga ha yo ku rya, ha yo mo do*

*Bon ka ra sa kya o ran do, Bon ha yo ku rya, ha yo mo do*

**S1** **S2** **A**

*ru.* *O do ma kan jin kan jin, an hi to ta cha*

*ru.* *O do ma kan jin kan jin an hi to ta cha*

*p div.* *Bon bon bon bon*

*8<sup>va</sup>* *mp*

yo ka syu, yo ka sya, yo ka o bi, yo ka ki mo n.  
 yo ka syu, yo ka sya, yo ka o bi, yo ka ki mo n.  
 bon, bon, *mp* bi ki mo n.

*p* *mf*

Soprano 2 22 *p a tempo*  
 Alto *p a tempo*  
 (Bell) *Hm*

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*a tempo*

S1 *p*  
 ma tsu ya ma, se mi ga na ku.  
 S2 U ra no ma tsu ya ma, se mi ga na ku.  
 A U ra no ma tsu ya ma, se mi ga na ku.

8<sup>mea</sup>

[34] Soprano 1 and 2 *mp*

Alto *mp*

(Bell)

Se mi ja go n se nu, i mo to de go za ru. i  
Se mi ja go n se nu, i mo to de go za ru. i

8<sup>mea</sup>

[38]

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mo to na ku na yo, ki ni ka ka ru.  
mo to na ku na yo, ki ni ka ka ru.

8<sup>mea</sup>

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Musical score for a vocal part with piano accompaniment. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The piano part includes a bell sound at the beginning. The lyrics are:

(Bell) Ha na wa nan no ha na, tsu n tsu n tsu ba ki, hm

Musical score for four vocal parts (S1, S2, A1, A2) with piano accompaniment. The vocal parts sing in unison or pairs. The piano part includes a bell sound at the end. The lyrics are:

S1, S2 zu wa te n hm, mo ra i mi zu.  
zu wa te n ka  
A1, A2 (hm) f fa, p molto rit. G.P. pp whisper  
mo ra i mi G.P. pp whisper  
G.P. (Bell) zu.

## 2. Takeda no Komoriuta (Lullaby of Takedo)

Musical score for Oboe/Flute, three vocal parts (S1, S2, A1, A2), and piano accompaniment. The Oboe/Flute part has a melodic line with dynamic markings  $\text{J}=80$  and  $mp$  sempre legato. The vocal parts sing in unison or pairs. The piano part includes a dynamic marking  $mp$  tutti. The lyrics are:

Oboe/Flute  $\text{J}=80$   
 $mp$  sempre legato

S1, S2 -  
A1, A2 bon bon bon bon bon sim.  
Uh Bon bon sim. 523 - 5

ga ru Bo n ka ra sa ki nya, Yu ki mo chi ra tsu ku shi,

*sim.* bon bon bon  
bon

ko mo na ku shi. Bo n ga ki ta to te

bon bon bon bon bon bon *mp* bon bon bon bon bon bon

Uh bon bon bon bon bon

na ni u re shi ka ro, Ka ta bi ra wa na shi, O bi wa na

*sim.* bon bon bon bon

(Ob./Fl.) *mf*

shi.

bon bon bon bon

(Ob./Fl.)

*poco rit.*

*a tempo*

*mp*

*p* bon bon bon

Bon bon

[36]

*mp*

Hm

[38]

bon bon bon

*mf unis.*

bon Ko no ko yo o na ku, mo ri wo ba i ji ru,

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Mo ri mo i chi ni chi ya se ru ya ra.

bon bon bon

div.

bon

Ha yo mo i ki ta ya, ko no zai syo ko e

div.

bon bon bon

*mf*

bon Ha yo mo i ki ta ya, ko no zai syo ko e

(Ob./Fl.) [51]

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[56]

e, bon bon bon      bon bon bon

bon      bon      bon

Hm      Hm

### 3. Zui Zui Zukkorobashi (Nursery Song)

Rhythmical  $J=120$

Soprano [9]  $mf$

Zu i zu i zuk ko ro ba shi go ma mi so zui,

[13]

nu ke ta ra do n do ko  
Chatsu bo ni o wa re te top pin syan, nu ke ta ra do n do ko

*mf*

*mp*

syo, ta wa ra no ne zu mi ga ko me kute choo,  
syo, ta wa ra no ne zu mi ga ko me kute choo,

*p*

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[26]

*mp*

choo choo choo, ok ka san ga yo n de mo  
choo choo choo, Ot to san ga yo n de mo,

*p*

[34] *cresc.*

i ki ik ko na shi yo, i do no ma wa ri de  
cresc.

i ki ik ko na shi yo, i do no ma wa ri de

*molto rit. (2nd time only)*

$\text{♩} = 60$

o cha wan ka i ta no da re?  
o cha wan ka i ta no da re?

*molto rit. (2nd time only)*  $\text{♩} = 60$   
*mf espr.*

[44]

**Tempo primo**  $\text{♩} = 120$

$\text{mp}$

[48] *mp*

Zu i zu i zuk ko ro ba shi go ma mi so zui, cha tsu bo ni

Zu i zu i zuk ko ro ba shi go ma mi so zui, cha tsu bo ni

*p*

*f*

o wa re te top pin syan, nu ke ta ra do n do ko syo.  
div.

o wa re te top pin syan, nu ke ta ra do n do ko syo.

*mf*

[59]

ta wa ra no ne zu mi ga, ta wa ra no

*mp*

Ta wa ra no ne zu mi ga, ta wa ra no

*p*

69

*tutti* ————— *mp*

ne zu mi ga ko me kut te choo, choo, choo, choo Ot to san ga

*tutti* ————— *mp*

ne zu mi ga ko me kut te choo, choo, choo, choo Ot to san ga

*mp*

*cresc.*

*div.*

*mp*

*cresc.*

*mp*

*cresc.*

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yo n de mo, Ok ka san ga yo n de mo i ki ik ko na

yo n de mo, Ok ka san ga yo n de mo i ki ik ko na

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A musical score excerpt featuring two staves. The top staff is for a treble clef instrument, and the bottom staff is for a bass clef instrument. The key signature is one flat. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A dynamic marking "mp" is present on the top staff.

A musical score excerpt labeled "81" in a box at the top left. It includes three staves. The top staff shows a melodic line with lyrics "da" and "re?". The middle staff shows another melodic line with lyrics "da" and "re?". The bottom staff is a basso continuo staff with sustained notes and a dynamic marking "f". A diagonal line with the text "dissolve opuscle" is drawn through the middle staff. A fermata symbol is placed above the basso continuo staff.

#### About the arranger

Misuzu McManus (b. 1958) is a graduate of the Tokyo National University of Fine Arts and Music. She has had a diverse professional life in Japan and the United States. A professional pianist and oboist, Misuzu is also a trained percussionist and a certified music instructor. In addition, she has pursued a separate career as a technical writer and computer specialist, having a number of books and articles to her credit, and holding a Master of Computer Science degree from Colorado Technical University. Most recently she has translated program notes from American CDs for Japanese distribution. Misuzu came to the United States in 1992 and became an American citizen in 2000. She makes her home in Florida with her husband Bill and sons Masashige and Masanari.